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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/565,821	01/24/2006	Richard Maurice Walmsley	81926.0006	9640	
26021 HOGAN & HA	7590 04/16/200 RTSON L.L.P.	EXAMINER			
1999 AVENUE	OF THE STARS		KIM, ALEXANDER D		
SUITE 1400 LOS ANGELES	S, CA 90067		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1656		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/16/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Ap	plication No.	n No. Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary			)/565,821	WALMSLEY ET	WALMSLEY ET AL.			
			aminer	Art Unit				
		AL	EXANDER D. KIM	1656				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commur or Reply	nication appears	s on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MOSION OF THE MO	MAILING DATE s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). munication. tatutory period will ap v will, by statute, caus	OF THIS COMMUNICAT In no event, however, may a reply ply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS e the application to become ABAND	TION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>24 Janua</i>	rv 2006					
·			on is non-final.					
<i>'</i> —		<i>′</i> —		prosecution as to th	ne merits is			
٥/١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
	·	ioo ariaor Ex pe	Quayle, 1000 0.B. 11	1, 100 0.0. 210.				
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🛛	Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the	application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)□	6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> are subject to restricti	ion and/or elect	ion requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🗆 .	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner						
-	-		d or b)□ objected to by t	he Examiner				
10/	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2)  Notic 3) Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Internation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Ma	nary (PTO-413) ail Date nal Patent Application galactosidase.				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Application Status

1. By virtue of a preliminary amendment filed on 01/24/2006, claims 10-11, 13, 22 and 33-34 have been amended. Thus, claims 1-36 are pending in the instant case.

### Restriction

2. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions, which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

- I. Claims 1-25, drawn to a recombinant vector comprising a recombinant DNA molecule comprising a DNA sequence that encodes a light emitting reporter protein, which DNA sequence is operatively linked to a regulatory element arranged to activate expression of the DNA sequence in response to DNA damage, wherein when used to transform a cell, the vector does not substantially alter the sensitivity of the cell to geneticin, when compared to the sensitivity of the cell which has not been transformed with the vector; and a host cell containing the vector.
- II. Claims 26-35, drawn to a method of detecting the presence of an agent that causes or potentiates DNA damage, the method comprising subjecting a cell

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according to any one of claims 22-25 to an agent and monitoring the expression of the light emitting reporter protein from the cell, wherein an increase of the expression in the presence of the agent indicates that the agent causes or potentiates DNA damage.

III. Claims 36, drawn to a method of generating a recombinant vector.

The inventions listed as Groups I-III do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

The inventions are linked by the technical feature of a recombinant vector comprising a recombinant DNA molecule comprising a DNA sequence that encodes a light emitting reporter protein, which DNA sequence is operatively linked to a regulatory element arranged to activate expression of the DNA sequence in response to DNA damage, wherein when used to transform a cell, the vector does not substantially alter the sensitivity of the cell to geneticin, when compared to the sensitivity of the cell which has not been transformed with the vector. However, this technical feature is not special because it does not constitute an advance over the prior art by Cole et al. (Molecular and Cellular Biology, 1987, Volume 1987, pages 1078-1084). Cole et al. teach the vector pSZ211-54 comprising a RAD54 gene and lacZ gene, which is "in frame construct express \( \mathcal{G} \)-galactosidase activity" (see description of Figure 1 on page 1079). Since the Green Fluorescent Protein is considered as "a light emitting reporter protein" as shown by claims 2-3, for example, the \( \mathcal{G} \)-galactosidase having residue tryptophan

(see amino acid sequence of ß-galactosidase in the attachment of NCBI ß-galactosidase), which is fluorescent active, is encompassed by the term "a light emitting reporter protein". Cole et al. also teach that RAD54 is inducible by X-ray (see Abstract), which is responsible for DNA damage, when the vector was transformed into the yeast. Also, the vector of Cole et al. do not teach that the vector pSZ211-54 substantially alter the sensitivity of the cell to geneticin. Because the technical features of Groups II-III lack novelty or inventive step, the technical features are not contributions over the prior art and the Group I-III do not share the technical feature. Therefore, Group II-III do not share the technical feature to a single general inventive concept.

## Election of Species

- 3. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species.
  - (a) In Group I, each regulatory element (i.e., a yeast RAD54 gene, RNR2 gene and a RNR3 gene) is a distinct species in Claims 10-12.
  - (b) In Group I, each regulatory vector (i.e., a vector of Figure 15, 24, 25, 34, 36 and 38) is a distinct species in Claims 17-21.

The species are independent or distinct because claims to the different species recite the mutually exclusive characteristics of such species. In addition, these species are not obvious variants of each other based on the current record.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, Claims 1-9, 13-16 and 22-36 are generic.

There is an examination and search burden for these patentably distinct species due to their mutually exclusive characteristics. The species require a different field of search (e.g., searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries); and/or the prior art applicable to one species would not likely be applicable to another species; and/or the species are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

The election of the species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the election of species requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are

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added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected species.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the species unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other species.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141.

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# Notice of Possible Rejoinder

4. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

## **Election**

5. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

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### Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALEXANDER D. KIM whose telephone number is (571)272-5266. The examiner can normally be reached on 11AM-7:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kathleen Bragdon can be reached on (571) 272-0931. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Alexander D Kim/ Examiner, Art Unit 1656

/Richard G Hutson, Ph.D./ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1652